## 1:36 pm, Nov 12, 2020

## **U.S. DISTRICT COURT**

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	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT LONG ISLAND OFFICE		
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3	LORI DECOSTANZO,		DOCKET 2:20-CV-02204-GRB-A13
		Plaintiff,	United States Courthouse
4	V.		Central Islip, New York
_	GLAXOSMITHKLINE PLC,		1 '
5	GLANOSHIIIIILINE ILC,		October 27, 2020
6		Defendant.	10:35 am - 10:50 am
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7	TRANSCRIPT FOR CIVIL CAUSE		
0	- INITIAL CONFERENCE -		
8	BEFORE THE HONORABLE ANNE Y. SHIELDS		
9	UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE-JUDGE		
	APPEARANCES:		
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this case, Your Honor, Ms. DeCostanzo alleges that she was vaccinated with Boostrix, which is an FDA approved combination of Tetanus, Diphtheria and Acellular Pertussis or Tdap vaccine. Her claim is that the GSK defendants failed to warn that Boostrix provided an allegedly defective form of immunity and that GSK specifically should have warned that Boostrix is ineffective in preventing the transmission of Pertussis to

DeCostanzo v. GlaxoSmithKline plc - 10/27/20

infants. We say that the allegations contradict the FDA approval for the drug, and longstanding CDC guidance that every

10 adult, and especially those around infants, receive a Tdap

11 vaccine.

Now, one of the issues that Judge Brown wants to specifically hear about, Your Honor, concerns whether there's any legal injury in this case. And Judge Brown described that issue at page 38 of the transcript as serious. And that's because Ms. DeCostanzo does not allege that she became infected with any disease, does not allege that she transmitted Pertussis to anyone, doesn't assert a claim for physical injury or emotional distress, and doesn't even allege that she paid for the vaccine. At most, she claims that her insurer may have paid for the vaccine and that she had to travel to her local pharmacy to get the vaccine.

And so, one of the potentially dispositive issues that Judge Brown wants full briefing on concerns whether plaintiff has asserted a viable claim for a legal injury such that all her

claims should be dismissed. As I noted, he described the issue as a serious issue in the pre-motion conference, and he has set a briefing schedule on this issue, as well as some other issues that will have briefing complete on December 9.

In addition, Your Honor, we had raised a jurisdictional motion as to one of the defendants,

GlaxoSmithKline plc. We believe that the company that engaged in the conduct at issue is the U.S. operating company, GSK LLC.

GlaxoSmithKline plc is a holding company that has its place of incorporation in the U.K., and its principal place of business in the U.K. Judge Brown did say that he thought the plaintiff was entitled to jurisdictional discovery before he could conclude that there was no jurisdiction over GSK plc. And in fact, the plaintiff served a request for production of documents ostensibly related to jurisdictional issues last week. And so, that's effectively where we are, Your Honor. And if Your Honor has any questions, I'm happy to answer them.

THE COURT: Okay. Thanks. So, let me go to the last issue you spoke of first. And that's the personal jurisdiction over the GSK plc. Now, I know that in this case, as the defendant, you just basically say, you got the wrong party. But you haven't been able to work that out, and Judge Brown said you're entitled to discovery. I noticed you used the word "ostensibly" when you referred to the plaintiff's request for information. Are you taking a position that what you had is

inappropriate discovery? Because from my reading of what Judge
Brown said is that you're, at the very least, going to go
forward with discovery with respect to personal jurisdiction
over GSK plc. So, is that discovery ongoing? And are you
getting along with respect to that discovery?

MR. COONEY: So, Your Honor, the plaintiff served late last week on either Thursday or Friday their requests for jurisdictional discovery. Literally, we received them last Friday or late last week, and haven't had a chance to talk to the client in depth about them. We will certainly produce or respond that information that has been requested is responsive and work out the production of that information to plaintiff. Having said that, we think that a number of their requests are over broad. We think it's premature to get into that since we literally received it for the first time last week. But I think a fair response would be to say that some of what has been requested is appropriate, and some is over broad, and we would hope to work that out with the plaintiffs through the normal process under the federal rules and the meet and confer process.

THE COURT: All right. I'm not going to get prematurely involved in that, certainly. I will just say, with respect to what Judge Brown said, there is certainly discovery on the jurisdictional issue. Now, we can move onto whether or not we should have any other discovery as part of tier one in this case, and you do have a motion to dismiss on this injury

1 issue.

Is the plaintiff, and I'm going to maybe get ahead of myself here, but is the plaintiff going to argue that you need to take discovery on the issue of damages? What are the plaintiff's damages here?

MS. BREHM: Good morning, Your Honor, Elizabeth Brehm. If I my, I would just like to correct a couple of things for the record. So, GSK manufactures and does sell this product that the defendants just explained called Boostrix. This is a product that they sell millions of dollars' worth each year.

THE COURT: I understand what your allegations are.

Let's talk about damages. And it sounds like it's a false

advertising case. Right?

MS. BEHM: That's right. And that's one of the things I just wanted to state is that the defendants are saying that we're alleging a failure to warn, and that they should have actively said or made certain disclosures regarding that product. That is certainly not our allegation. Our allegations are false advertising, and that they actively chose to engage in a campaign where false statements were made. It is not that we are obligating them with a duty to effectively say anything or not about their product. Just that when they say something --

THE COURT: So, your federal cause of action is

Magnuson-Moss Warranty Act, right? It's not a Lading Act case,
right?

MS. BREHM: That is right. That is right.

THE COURT: Okay. So, under that warranty act, what are the elements there?

MS. BREHM: I'm sorry. For just the Magnum --

THE COURT: Magnuson-Moss Warranty Act. That's your federal cause of action. So, what are the elements of causes of action under that federal law?

MS. BREHM: So, I understand that we have to --I was part of that, which gets back to something that you asked about, that we need to show some sort of damages there, which is the issue we discussed with Judge Brown. And this is what he wanted more briefing on. Because, as he did say, this is an issue, and we will be providing more briefing on it.

I'm asking what the elements are under Magnuson-Moss is because that's going to help me understand whether there's a good way of going forward with a little bit of tier one discovery. And I guess I'm not as familiar as I hope you are with the elements of a Magnuson-Moss claim. So, that's what I'm asking. Not about injury, I'm asking about the elements.

MS. BREHM: Understood. So, this act is a federal remedy that's provided for consumers who have been damaged by the failure of somebody like GSK, a manufacturer who is a supplier or warrantor to comply with any written or implied warranty for their product. So, Boostrix here is a consumer

don't have it right in front of me now.

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1 jurisdictional issues.

THE COURT: Well, the reason I'm asking you to limit it, and I understand it overlaps, but the only reason I'm asking you to limit it is that I would like to see you keep down costs certainly at this stage since there's a motion to dismiss. So, I would like to limit it. Let me ask the defendants. Any ideas on limiting it? And I know you don't want to do any discovery, you'd rather not, but any ideas on limiting it?

MR. COONEY: Your Honor, I think that we should limit the discovery at this point to the jurisdictional issues. I think that it's certainly possible that what could be done in the interim would be to do initial disclosures, Your Honor, and any meet and conferring on things of that nature. But given the fact that the briefing is going to be completed by December 9, and, actually, plaintiff wanted a longer time for briefing than we did, we were prepared to move the briefing along at a faster rate. We think the right thing to do is, let's address the jurisdictional issues of discovery that have been served, and if the Court thinks it makes sense for the parties to exchange initial disclosures, and perhaps at least meet and confer on a discovery plan, in the event the motion to dismiss is denied, I think that would be a productive way to proceed between now and the time that Judge Brown decides the motion.

THE COURT: Okay. You know what, I do think that makes sense because I think so much of this case is going to

THE COURT: Okay. Very good. All right. Thanks very

I'll put an order on the docket.

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much.

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             DeCostanzo v. GlaxoSmithKline plc - 10/27/20
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               MR. COONEY: Thank you, Your Honor.
               MS. BREHM: Thank you, Your Honor.
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               THE COURT: Okay.
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1	CERTIFICATION
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3	I, Rochelle V. Grant, certify that the foregoing is a
4	correct transcript from the official electronic sound recording
5	of the proceedings in the above-entitled matter.
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7	Dated: November 11, 2020
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10	Rochelle V. Grant
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